

Frequency-multiplying, Peak-reducing EMI Solution

Features

- Cypress PREMIS™ SMARTSPREAD™ family offering
- Generates an electromagnetic interference (EMI) optimized clocking signal at the output
- Selectable output frequency range
- Single 1.25%, 2.5%, 5%, or 10% down or center spread output
- Integrated loop filter components
- Operates with a 3.3 or 5V supply
- Low power CMOS design
- Available in 20-pin Small Shrink Outline Package (SSOP)

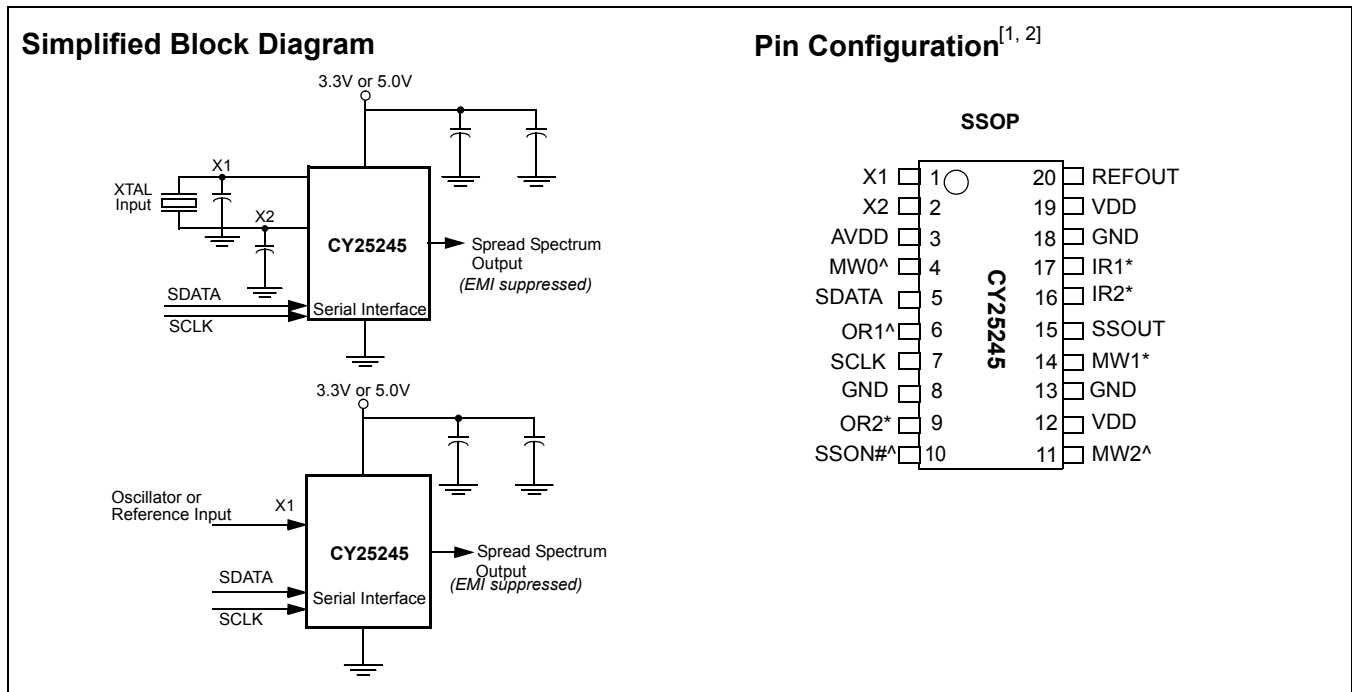
Key Specifications

Supply voltages: $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$
or $V_{DD} = 5V \pm 10\%$

Frequency range: $13 \text{ MHz} \leq F_{in} \leq 166 \text{ MHz}$

Cycle-to-cycle jitter: 250 ps (max)

Output duty cycle: 40/60% (worst case)



Notes:

1. Pins marked with ^ are internal pull-down resistors with weak 250 kΩ.
2. Pins marked with * are internal pull-up resistors with weak 80 kΩ.

Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Description
SSOUT	15	O	Output Modulated Frequency. Frequency modulated copy of the input clock (SSON# asserted).
REFOUT	20	O	Non-modulated Output. This pin provides a copy of the reference frequency. This output will not have the Spread Spectrum feature enabled regardless of the state of logic input SSON#.
X1	1	I	Crystal Connection or External Reference Frequency Input. This pin has dual functions. It may either be connected to an external crystal, or to an external reference clock.
X2	2	I	Crystal Connection. Input connection for an external crystal. If using an external reference, this pin must be left unconnected.
SSON#	10	I	Spread Spectrum Control (Active LOW). Asserting this signal (active LOW) turns the internal modulation waveform on. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor.
MW0:2	4, 11, 14	I	Modulation Width Selection. When Spread Spectrum feature is turned on, these pins are used to select the amount of variation and peak EMI reduction that is desired on the output signal. MW0:Down, MW1:Up, MW2:Down (see <i>Table 2</i>).
IR1:2	17, 16	I	Reference Frequency Selection. The logic level provided at this input indicates to the internal logic what range the reference frequency is in and determines the factor by which the device multiplies the input frequency. Refer to <i>Table 3</i> . These pins have internal pull-up resistors.
OR1:2	6, 9	I	Output Frequency Selection Bits. These pins select the frequency operation for the output. Refer to <i>Table 1</i> . The OR2 pin has an internal pull-up resistor. The OR1 pin has internal pull-down resistors.
SCLK	7	I	Clock Pin for SMBus Circuitry.
SData	5	I/O	Data Pin for SMBus Circuitry.
VDD	12, 19	P	Power Connection. Connected to 3.3V or 5V power supply.
AVDD	3	P	Analog Power Connection. Connected to 3.3V or 5V power supply.
GND	8, 13, 18	G	Ground Connection. Connect all ground pins to the common ground plane.

Table 1. Frequency Configuration (Frequencies in MHz)

Range of Fin Frequency		Multiplier Settings		Output/ Input	Range of Fout		Required R Settings		Modulation and Power-down Settings	
Min.	Max.	OR2	OR1		Min.	Max.	IR2	IR1	MW2	MW1
14	41.7	0	1	1	14	41.7	0	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
14	41.7	1	0	2	28	83.3	0	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
14	41.7	1	1	4	56	166	0	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
25	83.3	0	1	0.5	13	41.7	1	0	<i>Table 2</i>	
25	83.3	1	0	1	25	83.3	1	0	<i>Table 2</i>	
25	83.3	1	1	2	50	166	1	0	<i>Table 2</i>	
50	166	0	1	0.25	13	41.7	1	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
50	166	1	0	0.5	25	83.3	1	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
50	166	1	1	1	50	166	1	1	<i>Table 2</i>	
Reserved		0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	As Set	As Set	1	0
Power-down Hi-Z		0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	As Set	As Set	1	1
Power-down 0		0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	As Set	As Set	0	0
Power-down 1		0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	As Set	As Set	0	1

Table 2. Modulation Width Selection Table

EMI Reduction	Modulation Setting		Bandwidth Limit Frequencies as a % Value of Fout			
			MW0 = 0		MW0 = 1	
			Low	High	Low	High
Minimum EMI Control	0	0	98.75%	100%	99.375%	100.625%
Suggested Setting	0	1	97.5%	100%	98.75%	101.25%
Alternate Setting	1	0	95.0%	100%	97.5%	102.5%
Maximum EMI reduction	1	1	90.0%	100%	95%	105%

Overview

The CY25245 product is one of a series of devices in the Cypress PREMIS family. The PREMIS family incorporates the latest advances in PLL spread spectrum frequency synthesizer techniques. By frequency modulating the output with a low-frequency carrier, peak EMI is greatly reduced. Use of this technology allows systems to pass increasingly difficult EMI testing without resorting to costly shielding or redesign.

In a system, not only is EMI reduced in the various clock lines, but also in all signals which are synchronized to the clock. Therefore, the benefits of using this technology increase with the number of address and data lines in the system. The Simplified Block Diagram shows a simple implementation.

Functional Description

The CY25245 uses a phase-locked loop (PLL) to frequency modulate an input clock. The result is an output clock whose frequency is slowly swept over a narrow band near the input signal. The basic circuit topology is shown in *Figure 1*. The input reference signal is divided by Q and fed to the phase detector. A signal from the VCO is divided by P and fed back to the phase detector also. The PLL will force the frequency of the VCO output signal to change until the divided output signal and the divided reference signal match at the phase detector input. The output frequency is then equal to the ratio of P/Q

times the reference frequency.^[3] The unique feature of the Spread Spectrum Frequency Timing Generator is that a modulating waveform is superimposed at the input to the VCO. This causes the VCO output to be slowly swept across a predetermined frequency band.

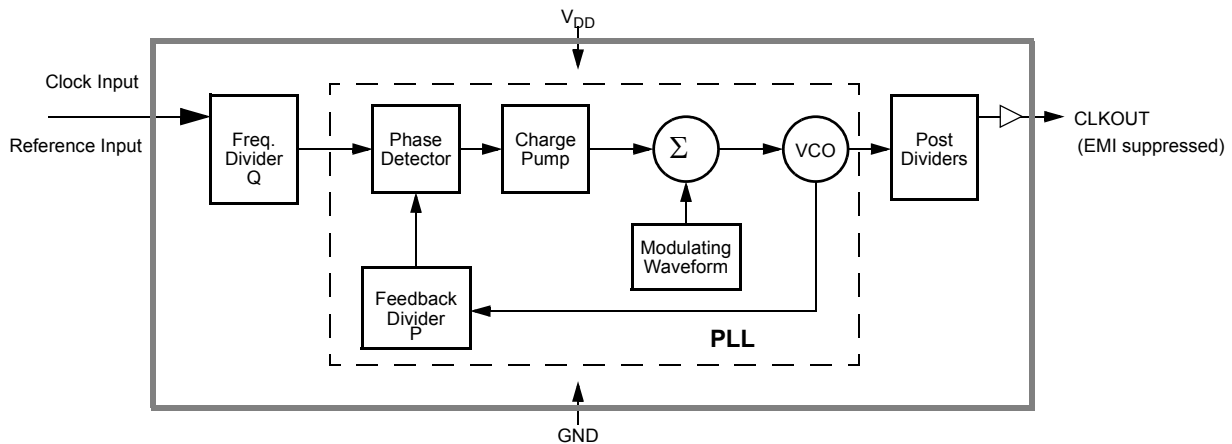
Because the modulating frequency is typically 1000 times slower than the fundamental clock, the spread spectrum process has little impact on system performance.

Frequency Selection With SSFTG

In spread spectrum frequency timing generation, EMI reduction depends on the shape, modulation percentage, and frequency of the modulating waveform. While the shape and frequency of the modulating waveform are fixed for a given frequency, the modulation percentage may be varied.

Using frequency select bits (FS2:1 pins), the frequency range can be set (see *Table 2*). Spreading percentage is set with pins MW0:2 as shown in *Table 2*.

A larger spreading percentage improves EMI reduction. However, large spread percentages may either exceed system maximum frequency ratings or lower the average frequency to a point where performance is affected. For these reasons, spreading percentage options are provided.


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

Note:

3. For the CY25245, the output frequency is nominally equal to the input frequency.

Spread Spectrum Frequency Timing Generator

The device generates a clock that is frequency modulated in order to increase the bandwidth that it occupies. By increasing the bandwidth of the fundamental and its harmonics, the amplitudes of the radiated electromagnetic emissions are reduced. This effect is depicted in *Figure 2*.

As shown in *Figure 2*, a harmonic of a modulated clock has a much lower amplitude than that of an unmodulated signal. The reduction in amplitude is dependent on the harmonic number and the frequency deviation or spread.

The output clock is modulated with a waveform depicted in *Figure 3*. This waveform, as discussed in “Spread Spectrum Clock Generation for the Reduction of Radiated Emissions” by Bush, Fessler, and Hardin, produces the maximum reduction in the amplitude of radiated electromagnetic emissions. The deviation selected for this chip is as described in *Table 2*. *Figure 3* details the Cypress spreading pattern. Cypress does offer options with more spread and greater EMI reduction. Contact your local Sales representative for details on these devices.

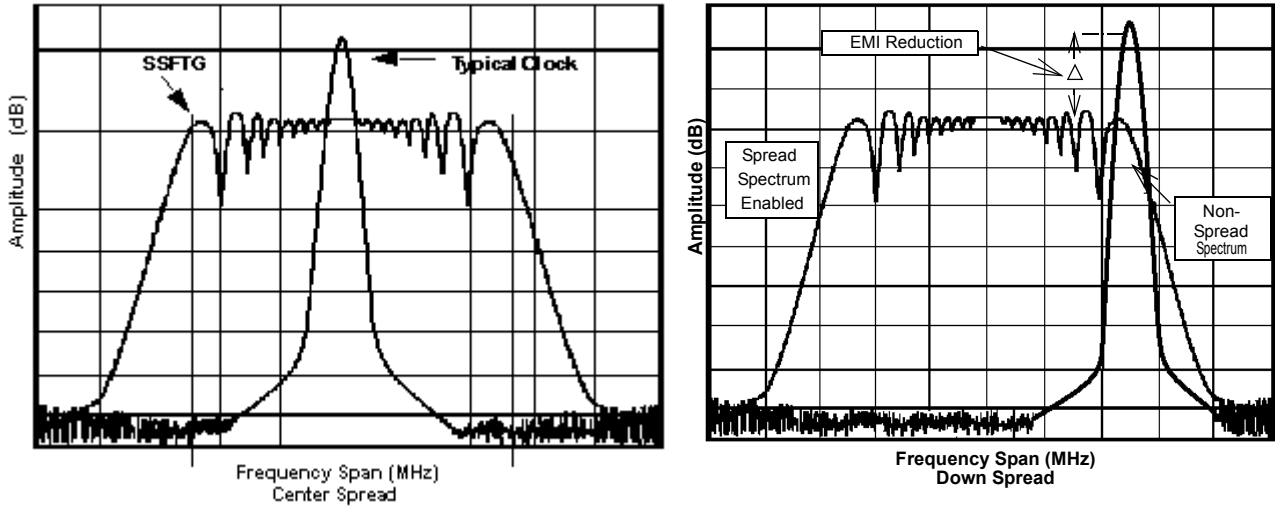


Figure 2. Clock Harmonic with and without SSCG Modulation Frequency Domain Representation

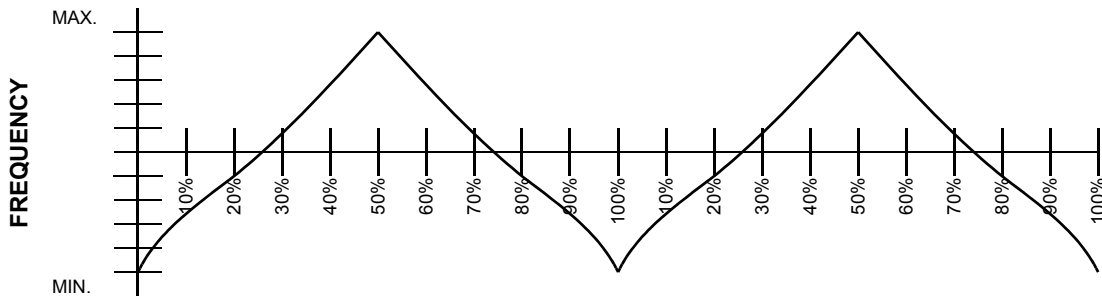


Figure 3. Typical Modulation Profile

Serial Data Interface

The CY25245 features a two-pin, serial data interface that can be used to configure internal register settings that control particular device functions. Upon power-up, the CY25245 initializes with default register settings, therefore the use of this serial data interface is optional. The serial interface is write-only (to the clock chip) and is the dedicated function of device pins SDATA and SCLOCK. In motherboard applications, SDATA and SCLOCK are typically driven by two logic outputs of the chipset. Clock device register changes are normally made upon system initialization, if any are required. The interface can also be used during system operation for

power management functions. *Table 3* summarizes the control functions of the serial data interface.

Operation

Data is written to the CY25245 in eleven bytes of eight bits each. Bytes are written in the order shown in *Table 4*.

Writing Data Bytes

Each bit in Data Bytes 0–7 control a particular device function except for the “reserved” bits which must be written as a logic 0. Bits are written MSB (most significant bit) first, which is bit 7. *Table 5* gives the bit formats for registers located in Data Bytes 0–7.

Table 3. Serial Data Interface Control Functions Summary

Control Function	Description	Common Application
Clock Output Disable	Any individual clock output(s) can be disabled. Disabled outputs are actively held LOW.	Unused outputs are disabled to reduce EMI and system power. Examples are clock outputs to unused PCI slots.
CPU Clock Frequency Selection	Provides CPU/PCI frequency selections through software. Frequency is changed in a smooth and controlled fashion.	For alternate microprocessors and power management options. Smooth frequency transition allows CPU frequency change under normal system operation.
Spread Spectrum Enabling	Enables or disables spread spectrum clocking.	For EMI reduction.
Output three-state	Puts clock output into a high-impedance state.	Production PCB testing.
(Reserved)	Reserved function for future device revision or production device testing.	No user application. Register bit must be written as 0.

Table 4. Byte Writing Sequence

Byte Sequence	Byte Name	Bit Sequence	Byte Description
1	Slave Address	11010010	Commands the CY25245 to accept the bits in Data Bytes 0–6 for internal register configuration. Since other devices may exist on the same common serial data bus, it is necessary to have a specific slave address for each potential receiver. The slave receiver address for the CY25245 is 11010010. Register setting will not be made if the Slave Address is not correct (or is for an alternate slave receiver).
2	Command Code	Don't Care	Unused by the CY25245, therefore bit values are ignored (“don't care”). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Command Code Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
3	Byte Count	Don't Care	Unused by the CY25245, therefore bit values are ignored (“don't care”). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Byte Count Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
4	Data Byte 0	Refer to <i>Table 5</i>	The data bits in Data Bytes 0–7 set internal CY25245 registers that control device operation. The data bits are only accepted when the Address Byte bit sequence is 11010010, as noted above. For description of bit control functions, refer to <i>Table 5</i> , Data Byte Serial Configuration Map.
5	Data Byte 1		
6	Data Byte 2		
7	Data Byte 3		
8	Data Byte 4		
9	Data Byte 5		
10	Data Byte 6		
11	Data Byte 7		

Table 5. Data Bytes 0–7 Serial Configuration Map

Bit(s)	Affected Pin		Control Function	Bit Control		Default
	Pin No.	Pin Name		0	1	
Data Byte 0						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 1						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 2						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 3						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 4						
7	16	IR2	MSB of Input Range Select	Refer to <i>Table 1</i>		0
6	17	IR1	LSB of Input Range Select	Refer to <i>Table 1</i>		1
5	9	OR2	MSB of Output Range Select	Refer to <i>Table 1</i>		1
4	6	OR1	LSB of Output Range Select	Refer to <i>Table 1</i>		0
3	–	–	Hardware/Software Frequency Select	Hardware	Software	0
2	–	–	Stop Function	Normal	Stop	0

Table 5. Data Bytes 0–7 Serial Configuration Map (continued)

Bit(s)	Affected Pin		Control Function	Bit Control		Default
	Pin No.	Pin Name		0	1	
1	10	SSON#	Spread Spectrum	Spread On	Spread Off	0
0	4	MW0	LSB of Modulation Width Selection	Refer to <i>Table 2</i>		0
Data Byte 5						
7	11	MW2	MSB of Modulation Width Selection	Refer to <i>Table 2</i>		0
6	14	MW1	Modulation Width Selection Bit	Refer to <i>Table 2</i>		1
5	20	REFOUT	Output Enable	Disabled	Enabled	1
4	15	SSOUT	Output Enable	Disabled	Enabled	1
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 6						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
Data Byte 7						
7	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
6	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
5	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
4	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
3	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
2	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
1	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0
0	–	–	(Reserved)	–	–	0

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other condi-

tions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Parameter	Description	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}, V_{IN}	Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
T_B	Ambient Temperature under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
P_D	Power Dissipation	0.5	W

DC Electrical Characteristics: $0^{\circ}\text{C} < T_A < 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}^{[4]}$

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{DD}	Supply Current			18	32	mA
t_{ON}	Power-up Time	First locked clock cycle after Power Good			5	ms
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage				0.8	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage				0.4	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage		2.4			V
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	Note 4	-50		50	μA
I_{IH}	Input High Current	Note 4	-50		50	μA
I_{OL}	Output Low Current	@ 0.4V, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$		15		mA
I_{OH}	Output High Current	@ 2.4V, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$		15		mA
C_I	Input Capacitance				7	pF
R_P	Input Pull-Up Resistor			250		k Ω
Z_{OUT}	Clock Output Impedance			25		Ω

DC Electrical Characteristics: $0^{\circ}\text{C} < T_A < 70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{DD}	Supply Current			30	50	mA
t_{ON}	Power-up Time	First locked clock cycle after Power Good			5	ms
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage				$0.15V_{DD}$	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		$0.7V_{DD}$			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage				0.4	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage		2.4			V
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	Note 4	-50		50	μA
I_{IH}	Input High Current	Note 4	-50		50	μA
I_{OL}	Output Low Current	@ 0.4V, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$		24		mA
I_{OH}	Output High Current	@ 2.4V, $V_{DD} = 5\text{V}$		24		mA
C_I	Input Capacitance				7	pF
R_P	Input Pull-up Resistor			250		k Ω
Z_{OUT}	Clock Output Impedance			25		Ω

Note:

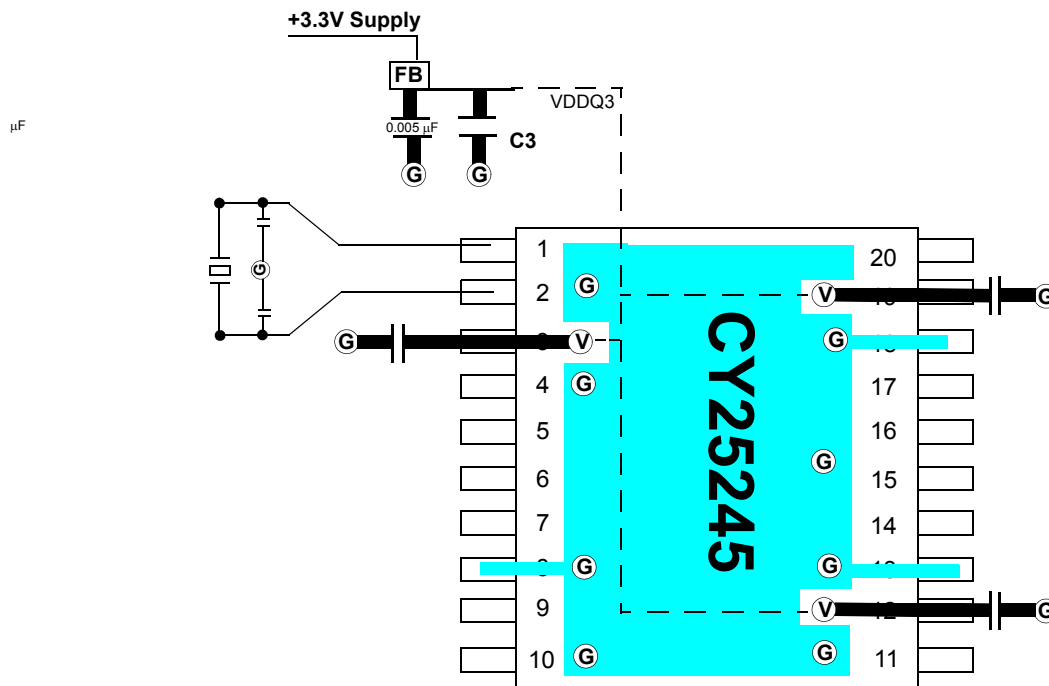
4. Inputs OR1:2 and IR1:2 have a pull-up resistor, Input SSON# has a pull-down resistor.

AC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$ or $5\text{V} \pm 10\%$

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
f_{IN}	Input Frequency	Input Clock	14		166	MHz
f_{OUT}	Output Frequency	Spread Off	13		166	MHz
t_R	Output Rise Time	15-pF load, 0.8V–2.4V		2	5	ns
t_F	Output Fall Time	15-pF load, 2.4V–0.8V		2	5	ns
t_{OD}	Output Duty Cycle	15-pF load	40		60	%
t_{ID}	Input Duty Cycle		40		60	%
t_{JCYC}	Jitter, Cycle-to-cycle			250	300	ps

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Type	Product Flow
CY25245PVC	20-pin Plastic SSOP	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
CY25245PVCT	20-pin Plastic SSOP —Tape and Reel	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
Lead-free		
CY25245OXC	20-pin Plastic SSOP	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C
CY25245OXCT	20-pin Plastic SSOP —Tape and Reel	Commercial, 0°C to 70°C

Layout Example


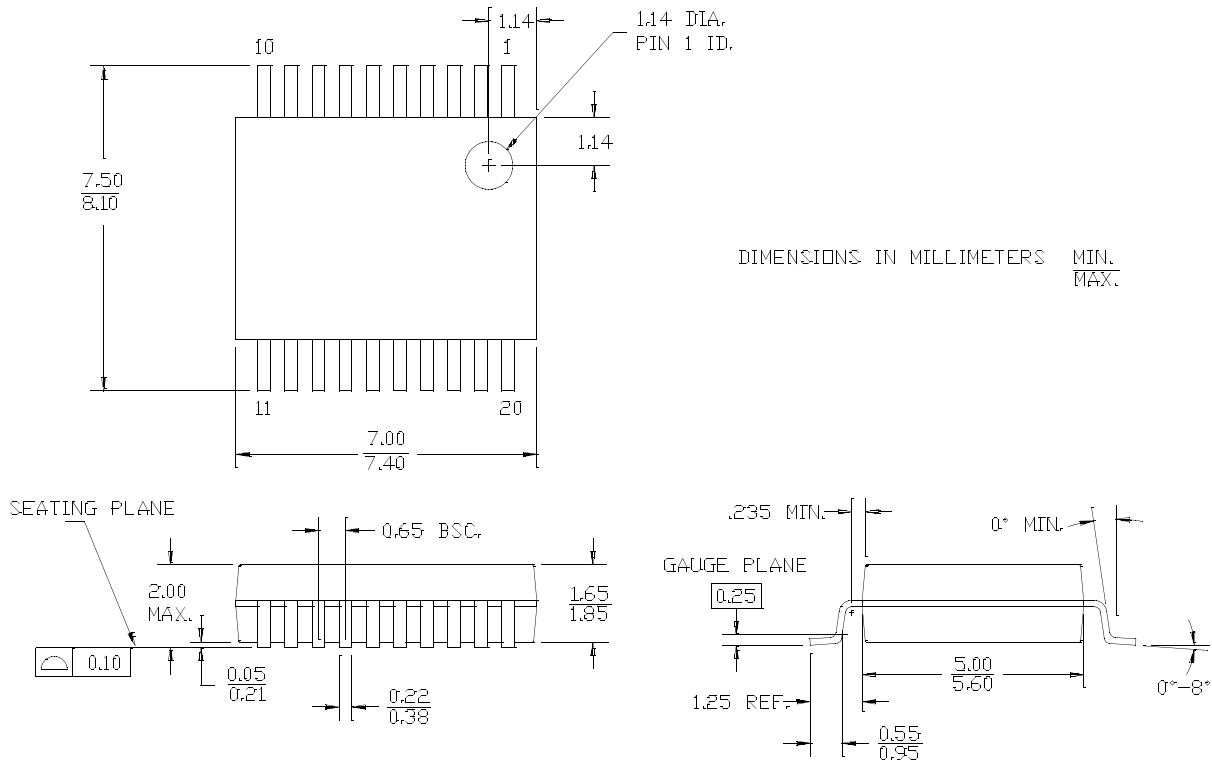
Ceramic Caps C1 = 10–22 μF C2 = 0.005 μF

FB = Vishay ILB1206 – 300 (300 Ω @ 100 MHz) or TDK ACB2012L-120 or Murata BLM21B601

Ⓞ = VIA to GND plane layer Ⓟ = VIA to respective supply plane layer

Note: Each supply plane or strip should have a ferrite bead and capacitors

All bypass caps = 0.1 μF ceramic.

Package Drawing and Dimension
20-pin (5.3 mm) Shrunken Small Outline Package O20


51-85077-°C

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Document History Page

Document Title: CY25245 Frequency-multiplying, Peak-reducing EMI Solution				
Document Number: 38-07124				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	109865	11/13/01	IKA	New data sheet
*A	122550	01/08/03	RGL	Added SMARTSPREAD™ in the features area
*B	318273	See ECN	RGL	Added Lead-free devices



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